Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2017 Management Review

IHI

May 9, 2017

IHI Corporation

Tsugio Mitsuoka, President and Chief Executive Officer

Contents

1.	Management Overview	3
	Review of Year Ended March 31, 2017	4
	Overview of Group Management Policies 2016	10
	Review of Progress and Issues in First Year of Group	
	Management Policies 2016	11
	F-LNG and Offshore Facilities Business	13
	Concentration and Selection through New Portfolio Management	15
2.	Outlook and Initiatives for Year Ending March 31, 2018	17
	Forecasts	18
	Key Companywide Initiatives	21
	Strengthening Our Earnings Foundations	22
	Reaching Our Targets	25
	Creating New Customer Value	27



Management Overview





	Targets	Results	
Net Sales	¥1,600.0 billion	¥1,486.3 billion	
Operating Income (Operating Margin)	¥65.0 billion 4.1%	¥47.3 billion 3.2%	
Ordinary income	¥55.0 billion	¥22.0 billion	
Profit Attributable to Owners of the Parent	¥30.0 billion	¥5.2 billion	
ROIC	6.5%	5.0%	
D/E Ratio	_	1.10	
Dividends	¥6 per share (¥3 interim, ¥3 year-end)	_	
Exchange Rate	¥110/US\$	¥108.27/US\$	

^{*} ROIC (Return On Invested Capital) = (Operating income + Interest and dividend income) after tax / (Owners' equity + Interest-bearing debt)

Assessment

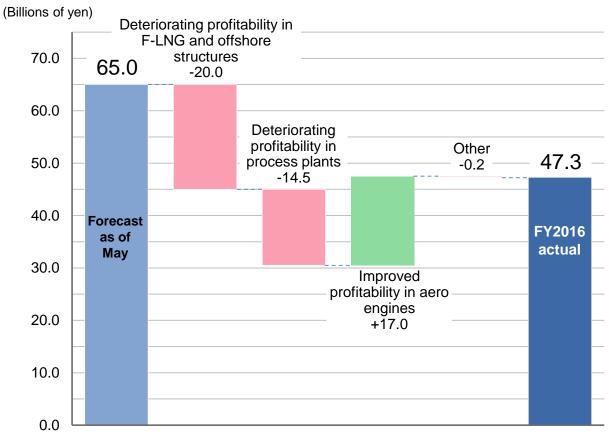
- Made progress in some areas under Group Management Policies 2016
 - ✓ Accelerated business structure reforms and concentration and selection under new portfolio management approach
 - ✓ Attained initial earnings targets in Industrial Systems and General-Purpose Machinery and in Aero-Engine, Space and Defense
- As in the previous year, however, performances declined in current large projects
- Ongoing efforts to reinforce our project implementation structure and management are top priorities

^{*} D/E ratio = Interest-bearing debt / Total net assets

Review of Year Ended March 31, 2017 (2)



Analysis of fluctuations in operating income (compared with forecast as of May 2016)



- Forecast as of May 2016: Using official announcement of May 10, 2016 (assumed exchange rate of ¥110/US\$)
- Average foreign exchange rate net sales in FY2016: ¥108.27/US\$

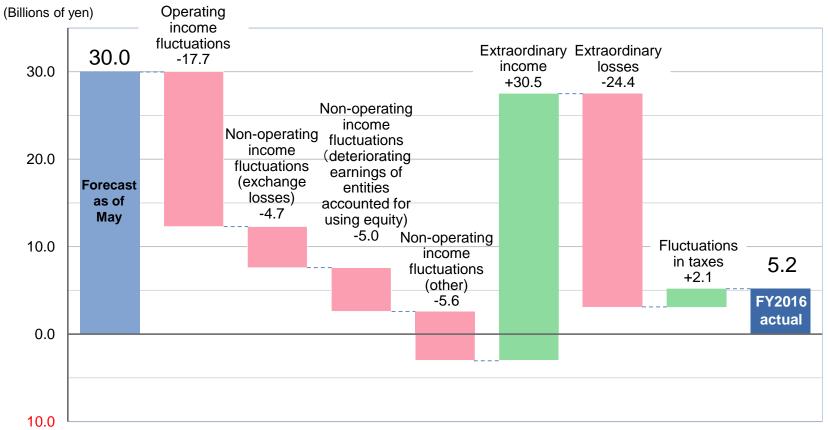
Factors in operating income changes

- Deteriorating profitability in three F-LNG and offshore structure projects (see page 7)
- Worsening profitability in process plant projects including large North American projects (see page 8)
- Improved profitability in aero-engines (spare parts sales were higher than envisaged for commercial aero engines, against delays in PW1100G engine shipments in initial mass production stage)

Review of Year Ended March 31, 2017 (3)



Analysis of fluctuations in net profit (compared with forecast as of May 2016)



- Forecast as of May 2016: Using official announcement of May 10, 2016 (assumed exchange rate of ¥110/US\$)
- Average foreign exchange rate net sales in FY2016: ¥108.27/US\$

Factors

- Increased non-operating expenses (including greater exchange losses and deteriorating earnings of entities accounted for using equity)
- Extraordinary income (including from fixed asset sales)
- Extraordinary losses (including for transfer of influenza vaccine active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) manufacturing, F-LNG
 and offshore structures business structural reforms, and settlement expenses for delivered boiler facilities) (see page 9)

Review of Year Ended March 31, 2017 (4)



Responses in projects in which profitability deteriorated

F-LNG and Offshore Business Situations

(1) Drill ship construction for Singapore

Completed delivery in December 2016.

(2) Floating production strage and offloading unit construction for Norway

- Dispatched around 30 IHI construction supervisors to contracted shippard and stationed around the same number of overseas engineers, reinforcing progress and quality control for final stage piping and electrical work.
- Pushed ahead with commissioning from March. Looking to deliver in July, as planned.

(3) Construction of four SPB tanks for four domestic LNG carriers

- Finished fitting all tanks for first carrier in mid-February. Strengthened process management by visualizing progress, secured welders for each work stage, and stabilized processes and quality.
- Currently fitting tanks for second carrier. Expect to hand over the fourth and final carrier by year-end.

Review of Year Ended March 31, 2017 (5)



- Responses in projects in which profitability deteriorated
 - Situation with large North American process plant projects
 - Continued to increase personnel numbers to catch up, maintaining schedules through final deliveries.
 - Carefully managed work in each installation category, responsively monitoring progress and implementing measures and swiftly confirming effectiveness.
 - Transitioning from installation to commissioning stages. We are analyzing commissioning tasks and are setting priorities as part of ongoing efforts to reinforce management.
 - Have retained the construction cost outlook that we presented at the end of the third quarter.

Review of Year Ended March 31, 2017 (6)



Action on pending issues

Transfer of influenza vaccine API manufacturing business

 After assessing the future of the influenza vaccine API manufacturing business with UMN Pharma Inc., both parties transferred their entire stakes in UNIGEN Inc. (a consolidated subsidiary of UMN), a maker of biopharma active pharmaceutical ingredients, to API Co., Ltd., as of January 31, 2017

F-LNG and offshore structures business reforms

- Decided to terminate F-LNG production as the Aichi Works after completing orders (see page 13 for details).
- Reassessed the value of F-LNG production assets, booking impairment charges for estimated uncollectible amounts while rationally estimating dismantlement costs, recording the amounts as business structure reform expenses.

Settlement expenses for delivered boiler facilities

- In 2015, a customer filed a lawsuit for damages from an accident during commissioning of a boiler that IHI manufactured and delivered to it.
- After concluding that it would be in our best interests to swiftly resolve this case and reduce legal risks, we agreed to pay part of the damages, booking the settlement package, attorney fees, and other related costs.

Overview of Group Management Policies 2016



sustainably and

enhance

corporate value

Pressing issues

Strengthen quality and other aspects of manufacturing capabilities

Issues

Reinforce strategic implementation

Secure stable project earnings

Identify and deliver customer value

Reform corporate culture

Reform quality and business systems to reinforce manufacturing capabilities

Group Management Policies 2016

Concentration and selection through new portfolio management

Boost profitability by reinforcing project implementation structure

Employ common Group functions to transform business model

Platform for strengthening earnings foundations

Strengthen earnings foundations

Targets (Fiscal 2018)

Operating margin	7%
ROIC	10%
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.7x or less

Review of Progress and Issues in First Year of Group Management Policies 2016 (1)



Priority companywide policies in fiscal 2016

(1) Reform quality and business systems to reinforce manufacturing capabilities

Assessment and issues

- Completed rollout of efforts to identify critical quality defects
- Ongoing issues related to strengthening auditing structure and reinforcing quality management, including for joint ventures and procurement
- Need to maintain and accelerate efforts based on three-year plan to reinforce manufacturing capabilities

- (2) Reinforce project implementation structure to boost profitability
- Reviewed order and investment examination processes
- Again experienced significant downturns in current major projects
- Most of the deterioration in project profitability stemmed from initial planning
- Need to swiftly identify and address downturns to eliminate them and continue to strengthen our project implementation and risk management structures

Review of Progress and Issues in First Year of Group Management Policies 2016 (2)



Priority companywide policies in fiscal 2016

Assessment and issues

- (3) Generate earnings by consistently implementing business strategies
- Need to carefully deploy and maintain PDCA cycle to reach management goals
- Need to further improve ability to generate cash flows
- Made some progress in reforming and overhauling business structure
- Deploying business domain-level policies and accelerating consolidated management of strategic business unit (SBU) are issues

- (4) Transform business model through initiatives to build customer value
- Flexibility and responsiveness to identify and resolve needs by communicating closely with customers are issues
- Although we made steady progress in common Group functions and co-creation with SBUs, need to further accelerate effort, including in terms of growth and progress in target projects

F-LNG and Offshore Facilities Business



Exploration of business structure reforms

- Looked into business structure reforms centered on aluminum SPB tanks in light of dramatically deteriorating profitability since fiscal 2014.
- Mulled need for radical countermeasures in view of the offshore market outlook.

Result of evaluation

- Near-term prospects for a recovery of the offshore market are unclear, partly because of sluggish oil prices
- Operations at the key Aichi Works are unlikely after next year.
- It would be difficult to secure profitability from stable and ongoing construction, including for using the facilities for other businesses.

Result: Terminate manufacturing at Aichi Works after completing current orders

Future policies

- Harness concerted groupwide efforts to complete current SPB cargo tank and FPSO ship construction.
- For after-service following delivery, swiftly set up a specialist organization and appoint experienced and highly skilled personnel to handle requirements professionally while retaining and applying accumulated manufacturing technologies and expertise.
- Optimally reassign Aichi Works personnel elsewhere in the Group and consider new uses for the site.

Offshore development approach

Continue R&D in offshore development field, focusing on such areas as ocean current energy

Reference: Aichi Works Profile



Overview

Lot area 734,000 square meters

Construction dock 810 meters long x 92 meters wide x 14 meters deep

Cranes Two 400-ton Goliath shipyard cranes

Aluminum facilities Including automated aluminum block

welding line and all-weather assembly building

Approximate number of employees at site (As of April 1, 2017)

• Aichi Works 420

• Affiliates 150



History

May 1973	Aichi Works opens		
March 1979	Shipbuilding facilities shut down		
December 1989 Shipbuilding recommences			
July 1996	Ship completion operations reorganized (transferred from ship and offshore structure unit to machinery and steel structures unit)		
March 2001	Yokohama No. 3 Works closed, bridge business transferred to Aichi		
April 2009	Marine and Offshore Structures sector established		
November 2009	IHI Infrastructure Systems Co., Ltd., established to build bridges. Beginning of consolidation of bridge operations at Sakai Works Japan Tunnel Systems Corporation set up to make shield machines. Start of consolidation of shield machine business at company's Tsurumi plant		
March 2017	Agreement concluded to transfer marine crane business to Iknow Machinery Co., Ltd.		

Concentration and Selection through New Portfolio Management (1) IHI

- Currently undertaking business structure reforms to bolster profitability, centered on SBUs slated for priority investments.
- For businesses with viability concerns (strategic business units designated for rehabilitation and reorganization), corporate also involved in formulating structural reform plans under implementation to rehabilitate and reorganize within two years (end-fiscal 2017).

Progress with concentration and selection and structural reform initiatives since fiscal 2016 (1)

Business	Category	Timing	Overview
		June 2016	Subsidiary IHI Transport Machinery Co., Ltd., receives a maintenance order for mechanical car parking systems from KYC Machine Industry Co., Ltd.
Shield	Concentration	October 2016	Subsidiary Japan Tunnel Systems Corporation and Mitsubishi Heavy Industries Mechatronics Systems, Ltd., integrate shield tunneling machine businesses to form JIM Technology Corporation.
Rolling mills (strip casters) Selection October 2016			IHI transfers ownership, patent, and other interests in strip caster company Castrip LLC, withdrawing from that business.
Logistics & industrial machinery	Structural reform	October 2016	IHI integrates sales units into IHI Logistics & Machinery Corporation to create a structure that can undertake business activities more responsively and flexibly.
Construction machinery	Selection	November 2016	IHI transfers all shares in IHI Construction Machinery Limited to Kato Works Co., Ltd.

Concentration and Selection through New Portfolio Management (2) IHI

Progress with concentration and selection and structural reform initiatives since fiscal 2016 (2)

Business	Category	Timing	Overview
Rotating machinery	Concentration	December 2016	Joint venture established with Dalgakiran of Turkey to manufacture and sell general-purpose turbo compressors.
Influenza vaccine API manufacturing	Selection		Shares in biopharma API manufacturing business UNIGEN Inc. transferred to API Co., Ltd.
Waste treatment	Structural reform	March 2017	Comprehensive waste treatment facilities business alliance agreement concluded with Kobelco Eco-Solutions Co., Ltd.,
Machinery for ships	Selection	May 2017	Marine deck cranes (deck cranes and mooring machines) business transferred to Iknow Machinery Co., Ltd., a ship machinery subsidiary of Oshima Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.
Disaster prevention	Selection	June 2017 (Planned)	Firefighting equipment business of subsidiary IHI Shibaura Machinery Corporation slated to be transferred to a company established by NH-2 (New Horizon No. 2 Investment LP), a unit of New Horizon Capital.
Agricultural machinery	Structural reform	October 2017 (Planned)	Subsidiaries IHI Shibaura Machinery Corporation and IHI Star Machinery Corporation to be integrated
Rotating machinery	Structural reform	October 2017 (Planned)	Rotary machinery business (including compressors and separators) to be integrated with operations of subsidiary IHI Compressor and Machinery Co., Ltd.
F-LNG and offshore structures	Selection	Shutdown after order completion	Production at Aichi Works, a key unit for the F-LNG and offshore structure business, to be terminated after orders completed.

Outlook and Initiatives for Year Ending March 31, 2018





	Fiscal 2016 results	Fiscal 2017 targets
Net Sales	¥1,486.3 billion	¥1,550.0 billion
Operating Income (Operating Margin)	¥47.3 billion 3.2%	¥65.0 billion 4.2%
Ordinary income	¥22.0 billion	¥57.0 billion
Profit Attributable to Owners of the Parent	¥5.2 billion	¥23.0 billion
ROIC	5.0%	6.5%
D/E Ratio	1.10	-
Dividends	_	¥6 per share (¥3 interim, ¥3 year-end)
Exchange Rate	¥108.27/US\$	¥105/US\$

^{*} ROIC (Return On Invested Capital) = (Operating income + Interest and dividend income) after tax / (Owners' equity + Interest-bearing debt)

Overview of forecasts for fiscal 2017

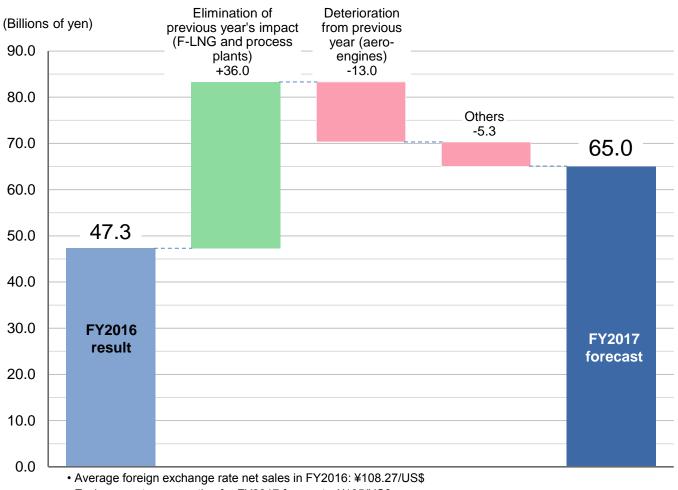
- Planning to make all businesses profitable, boosting earnings after eliminating previous year impacts of loss-making projects in Resources, Energy and Environment and Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facilities businesses.
- Planning to pay ¥6 in dividends per share annually.

^{*} D/E ratio = Interest-bearing debt / Total net assets

Forecasts (2)



Analysis of fluctuations in operating income (compared with fiscal 2016 results)



- Exchange rate assumption for FY2017 forecasts: ¥105/US\$
- Changes from fiscal 2016 result
 - Elimination of impacts of unprofitable F-LNG and process plant projects
 - Deteriorating profitability of aero-engines owing to major increase in shipments of PW1100G engine in initial mass production stage



(Billions of yen)

	Operating Income	/Operating Margin	ROIC*		Reference: Net Sales	
	FY2016 (Results) FY2017 outlook		FY2016 (Results)	FY2017 outlook	FY2016 (Results)	FY2017 outlook
Resources, Energy and Environment	-10.6 -2.5%	23.0 4.3%	-15.2%	30.1%	427.3	540.0
Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facilities	-12.0 -7.6%	8.0 5.3%	-7.3%	4.4%	157.7	150.0
Industrial Systems and General-Purpose Machinery	17.5 4.3%	11.0	9.7%	5.9%	411.6	430.0
Aero Engine, Space and Defense	53.0	37.0	15.2%	10.4%	471.9	440.0
Others	2.5	2.0	-	-	75.1	70.0
Adjustment	-3.0	-16.0	-	-	-57.5	-80.0
Total	47.3	65.0	5.0%	6.5%	1,486.3	1,550.0
Exchange rate	¥108.27/US\$	¥105/US\$	¥108.27/US\$	¥105/US\$	¥108.27/US\$	¥105/US\$

^{*} ROICs (return on invested capital) by business domain are pretax amounts for portfolio management (weighted average values by SBU)

Pretax ROIC = Pretax operating income / invested capital (operating capital + fixed assets)

Companywide ROIC is after tax

ROIC after tax = (Operating income + interest and dividend income) after tax / (Owners' equity + interest-bearing debt)



Group Management Policies 2016

Strengthen earnings foundations

Priority companywide policies for fiscal 2017

Restore trust <u>and drive change</u> **Ensure thorough communication**

Thoroughly manage new project implementation and <u>risk management</u> structures

Reform quality and operational systems to bolster manufacturing capabilities

Secure profits by <u>pushing ahead with</u> <u>structural reforms</u> and by deploying business strategies

Transform business model by creating customer value

<u>Create new workplaces and human</u> <u>resources by reforming work practices</u> Accelerate reforms and emphasize communication

Making reinforcing project implementation structure and risk management system top priorities

Continue to bolster manufacturing capabilities

Push forward with structural reforms and boost profitability

Accelerate creation of customer value

Improve labor productivity and eliminate long working hours

Target an operating margin of 7% and ROIC of 10% in fiscal 2017 and 2018 and thoroughly implement policies

Strengthening Our Earnings Foundations (1)



Shift from sector to strategic business unit organization

See next page for details

- In April 2017, IHI switched to an SBU-based organization and management structure to clarify authority, responsibilities, and roles to attain the goals of Group Management Policies 2016 and drive Group growth over the medium and long terms
 - Halted business division and sector structure, organizing in four business domains of Resources, Energy and Environment, Social Infrastructure and Offshore Structure, Industrial Systems and General-Purpose Machinery, and Aero Engine, Space and Defense
 - Set up SBUs to implement operations in domains

Goals

1 Accelerate business structure reforms

- ✓ Oversee implementation through SBUs
- √ Implement business level strategies through these units
- ✓ Accelerate concentration and selection

2 Reinforce risk management

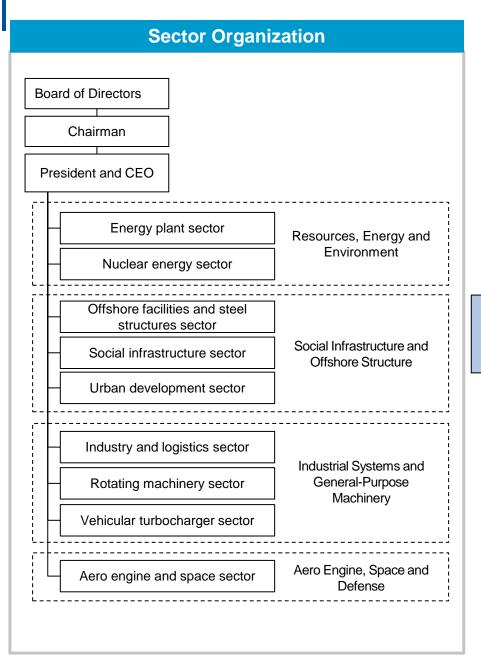
- ✓ Reallocate resources to reinforce risk management structure in business domains
- ✓ Strengthen corporate (Group risk management) liaison

3 Pursue group management

✓ For business run by subsidiaries, position the leading company as "SBU Company" to strengthen group management

Strengthening Our Earnings Foundations (2)





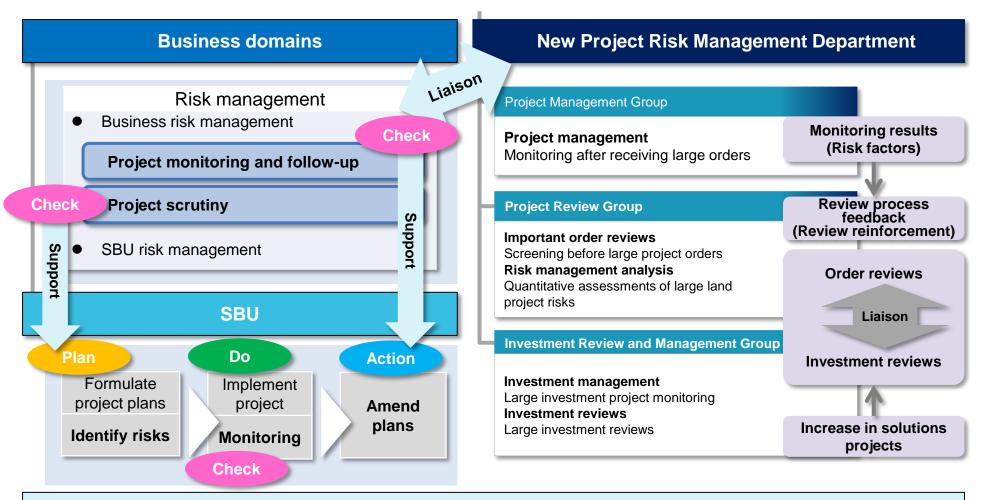
Strategic Business Unit Organization Board of Directors Chairman President and CEO Resources, Energy and Environment Process Plant SBU Power system Plants SBU ·Boiler SBU Nuclear Energy SBU · Environmental Response Pharmaceuticals Plant SBU Systems SBU ·Large Power Systems SBU ·Asian Base EPC SBU Power Systems for Land and Marine Use SBU Social Infrastructure and Offshore Structure ·F-LNG SBU Urban Development SBU Bridges and Watergates SBU Concrete Construction ·Shield Systems SBU Materials SBU Transport Systems SBU Industrial Systems and General-Purpose Machinery Rotating Machinery SBU Vehicular Turbocharger Agricultural Machinery and SBU Small Power Systems SBU ·Heat Treatment and Parking SBU Surface Logistics and Machinery SBU **Engineering SBU** Transport Machinery SBU Aero Engine, Space and Defense Aircraft Engines SBU Defense Equipment and Systems SBU Rocket Systems and Space Exploration SBU

Strengthening Our Earnings Foundations (3)



Reinforcing risk management

- Bolster risk management by consolidating large investment review and monitoring functions previously spread among headquarters divisions
- Strengthen project implementation structure to better identify and assess risks through collaboration with business domain risk management



Leverage site-oriented communication to identify risks and ensure swift responses

Reaching Our Targets (1)



25

Recover from leveling off in aero engine business

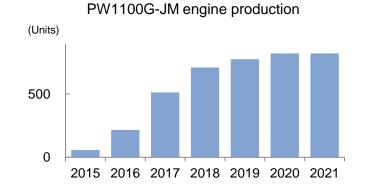
Although after market earnings from existing programs should steadily increase, increased shipments of the PW1100G-JM engine became burdensome in initial mass production stage, with earnings leveling out in fiscal 2017. Looking to recover from fiscal 2018.

Investments in Development Mass production Investment recovery period developing investment investment period advanced period technologies V2500 Pursue advanced technologies GE90 Major initial investments CF34 Launch -Recoup investments over 15 to 20 years GE9X Invest engine earnings from investment Passport20 Typical revenue curve recoupment period in mass production facilities PW1100G-JM at investment stage and in R&D **GEnx** Initial mass Full Product and maintenance Investments in Development production production expansion developing advanced

 Continue to increase investments in PW1100G-JM engine production line facilities upgrades, increase unit production, and accelerate cost reductions in initial mass production stages

technologies

- Ongoing investments as needed to drive growth
 - Construct new Akishima office
 - Explore rebuilding of production sites
 - Develop advanced technologies for materials technologies and manufacturing techniques



increases

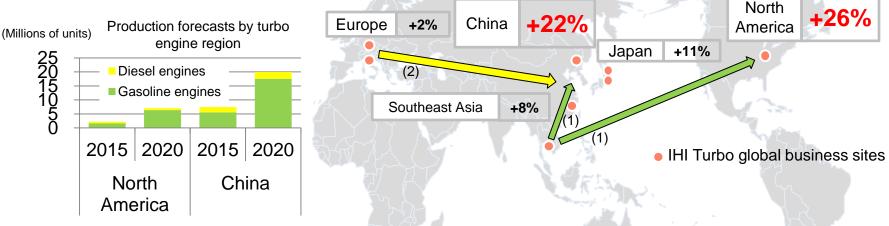
Reaching Our Targets (2)



Boost profitability by driving structural reforms

- Vehicular turbocharger business
 - Potential in fast-growing Chinese and North American markets

Percentages shown are average production growth rates for turbo engines in 2015 through 2020



Build global production network (switch away from manufacturing for local consumption)

Efficiently centralize production of key products and ship to destinations

- Supply (1): Thailand (ITT) → North America (ITA) and China (FIT and WIT)
- •Supply (2): Europe (ICSI) → China (FIT and WIT)

Serve growth markets through globally optimized investments and efficient production

- * ITT···IHI TURBO(THAILAND)CO.,LTD.
 - ITA···IHI Turbo America Co.
- FIT···Changchun FAWER-IHI Turbo Co.,Ltd.
- WIT···WUXI IHI TURBO CO.,LTD.

ICSI···IHI Charging Systems International GmbH

In all business domains, undertake structural reforms in keeping with business climate changes and optimize Group human and facilities resources (see pages 15 and 16)

Creating New Customer Value (1)

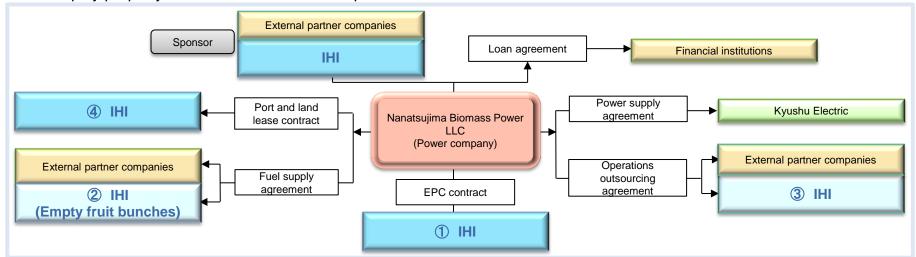


Biomass power generation business in Nanatsujima, Kagoshima

Contribute to renewable energy and local economic growth

Expand from conventional engineering, procurement, and construction (EPC) business to power business and fuel supply

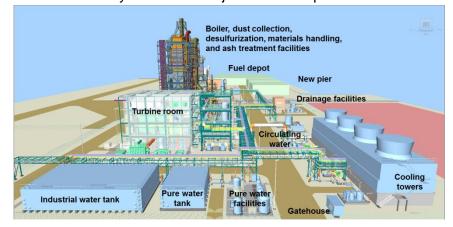
- O: Collaboration between IHI Group companies and business units, including in Resource, Energy and Environment business
- Explore using palm oil biomass fuel from Southeast Asia, currently under planning as new business.
- ③: Leverage operations and maintenance expertise from North American biomass power business
- 4: Employ property knowhow of Urban Development SBU



Facility overview

Generating facilities	49-megawatt biomass generating systems		
Location	Nanatsujima 2-chome, Kagoshima-shi, Kagoshima Prefecture		
Land area	62,000 square meters		
Construction schedule	Construction started in January 2017, slated for completion at end-2018		
Annual generating capacity	Around 337,000 megawatt-hours (enough to supply 77,000 households and cut carbon dioxide emissions by 200,000 metric tons)		

Planned layout of Nanatsujima Biomass power station



Creating New Customer Value (2)



Soma Smart Community Construction Project

Business model of local production and consumption of solar power through regional energy management

- Solar electricity that cannot be transmitted to the regular grid can be converted to hydrogen and heat and used effectively
- Future hydrogen research institutes (for open innovation) can attract hydrogen-related industries

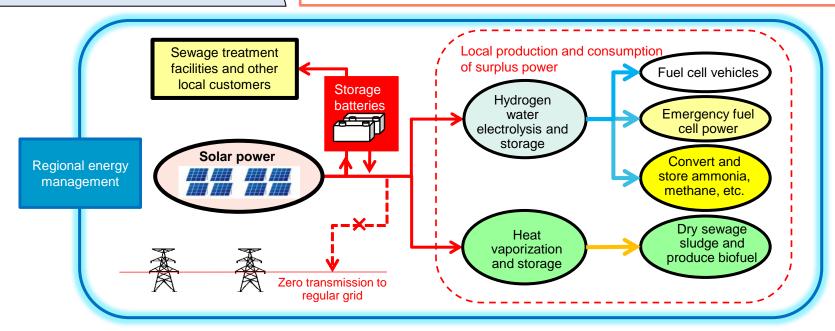
Key concepts

- Local renewable energy production and consumption
- Enhanced disaster prevention
- Business development that revitalizes regions

Soma's goals IIHI's goals

Collaborating to create recycling-driven, carbon dioxide-free communities

We aim to build a sustainable smart community by materializing Japan's first advanced local renewables production and consumption framework and helping to create a self-sustaining regional business model, contributing to new urban development from reconstruction through revitalization



Completed basic research and engineering in fiscal 2016. Planning to conduct verification tests in fiscal 2018.

Creating New Customer Value (3)

Advancement of products and services through IoT

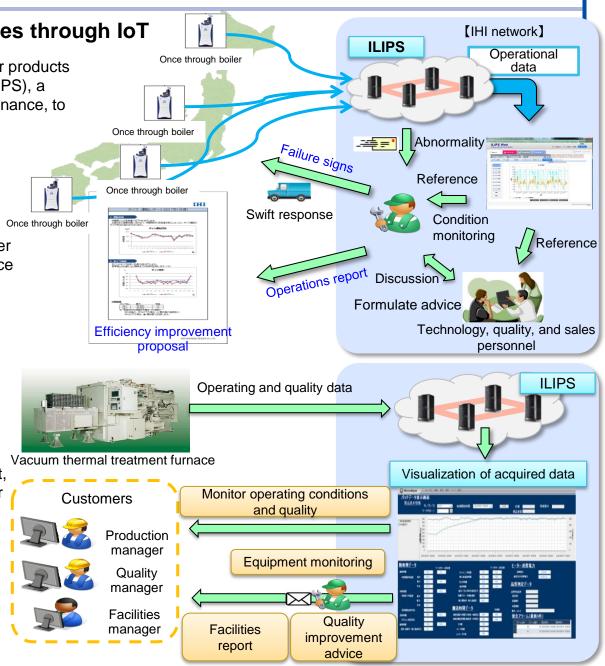
Accumulating and analyzing operational data on our products through the IHI Group Lifecycle Partner System (ILIPS), a common platform for remote monitoring and maintenance, to provide new services

- 1. General-purpose boilers (IHI Packaged Boiler Co., Ltd.)
- Improve capacity utilization rates by identifying potential failures
- Provide optimal maintenance in line with customer operational conditions and help lower performance degradation
- Specialized engineers assess data and provide operational advice, such as on reducing fuel

Package above customer value and contract to provide new services

- 2. Vacuum thermal treatment furnace (IHI Machinery and Furnace Co., Ltd)
- As well as providing thermal treatment equipment, accumulate and analyze quality data on customer products, to enhance quality. Also contribute to new orders from their customers
- Specialized engineers advise on improving thermal treatment processes
- Provide and optimize maintenance plans in line with customer operating conditions

Package above customer value and contract to provide new services



29



Forward-looking figures shown in this material with respect to IHI's performance outlooks and other matters are based on management's assumptions and beliefs in light of the information currently available to it, and therefore contain risks and uncertainties. Consequently, you should not place undue reliance on these performance outlooks in making judgments. IHI cautions you that actual results could differ materially from those discussed in these performance outlooks due to a number of important factors. These important factors include political environments in areas in which IHI operates, general economic conditions, and the yen exchange rate including its rate against the US dollar.