

IHI Corporation

Toyosu IHI Bldg. 1-1, Toyosu 3-chome, Koto-ku Tokyo 135-8710, Japan **May 9, 2017**

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017 <Japanese GAAP>

IHI Corporation (IHI) is listed on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Nagoya Stock Exchange, Sapporo Securities Exchange and Fukuoka Stock Exchange with the securities code number 7013.

Representative: President and Chief Executive Officer, Tsugio Mitsuoka

For further information contact: Executive Officer, Takeshi Yamada,

Finance & Accounting Division

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Annual General Meeting of Shareholders: June 23, 2017 (planned)

Commencement of Dividend Payments:

Submission of Annual Securities Report: June 23, 2017 (planned)

Preparing supplementary material on financial results: Yes

Holding financial results presentation meeting: Yes (for institutional investors and analysts)

This consolidated financial report has been prepared in accordance with Japanese accounting standards and Japanese law. Figures are in Japanese yen rounded to the nearest millions.

1. CONSOLIDATED PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017 (APRIL 1, 2016 to MARCH 31, 2017)

(1) Consolidated Business Results

(Millions of yen, except per share figures; percentages show the rate of increase or decrease from the previous fiscal year)

	Net Sales	Percentage Change	Operating Profit	Percentage Change	Ordinary Profit	Percentage Change
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017	1,486,332	(3.4)%	47,389	114.9%	22,011	126.5%
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016	1,539,388	5.7%	22,048	(65.1)%	9,716	(82.8)%

	Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent	Percentage Change	Basic Earnings per Share (Yen)	Diluted Earnings per Share (Yen)	Return on Equity	Ordinary Profit to Total Assets	Operating Profit to Net Sales
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017	5,247	243.2%	3.40	3.40	1.6%	1.3%	3.2%
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016	1,529	(83.2)%	0.99	0.99	0.5%	0.6%	1.4%

(Note) Comprehensive income

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017: ¥4,628 million -% Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016: ¥ (15,228) million -%

(Reference) Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017: ¥ (3,538) million Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016: ¥1,167 million

(2) Consolidated Financial Position

(Millions of yen, except per share figures)

	Total Assets	Net Assets	Equity to Total Assets	Net Assets per Share of Common Stock (Yen)
March 31, 2017	1,692,831	337,630	18.8%	206.03
March 31, 2016	1,715,056	333,359	18.6%	206.16

(Reference) Equity at the end of the period (consolidated)

March 31, 2017: ¥318,163 million March 31, 2016: ¥318,310 million

(3) Consolidated Cash Flows

				(Millions of yen)
	Operating Activities	Investing Activities	Financing Activities	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of Period
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017	65,373	(28,961)	(21,941)	115,911
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016	95,338	(35,513)	(47,530)	103,611

2. DIVIDENDS

		Dividends per Share		Total Amount of	Dividend Payout	Dividend to Net
(Record Date)	Interim (Yen)	Year-end (Yen)	Annual (Yen)	Dividend Payment (Millions of yen)	Ratio (Consolidated)	Assets Ratio (Consolidated)
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016	3.00	0.00	3.00	4,632	303.0%	0.3%
Fiscal year ending March 31, 2018 (Forecast)	3.00	3.00	6.00		40.3%	

3. CONSOLIDATED FORECASTS OF RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 2018

	(Millions of yen, except per share figures; percentages show the rate of increase or decrease from the previous corresponding period)							
	Net Sale	es	Operating	Profit	Ordinary 1	Profit	Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent	Basic Earnings per Share (Yen)
Full-year	1,550,000	4.3%	65,000	37.2%	57,000	159.0%	23,000 338.3%	14.89

⁽Note) Please refer to page 8 of the attached materials to this report for the suppositions that form the assumptions for the forecasts above and related matters.

* NOTES

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period under review (Changes in specified subsidiaries accompanying changes in scope of consolidation): Not applicable

(2) Changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates, and restatement of prior period financial statements after error corrections

- (i) Changes in accounting policies due to revisions to accounting standards: Yes
- (ii) Changes in accounting policies due to other reasons: Not applicable
- (iii) Changes in accounting estimates: Not applicable
- (iv) Restatement of prior period financial statements after error corrections: Not applicable (Note) For details, please refer to "(5) NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS," "CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES" on page 25.

(3) Number of shares issued (Common stock):

(i) Number of shares issued at the end of the period (including treasury shares)

As of March 31, 2017 1,546,799,542 shares As of March 31, 2016 1,546,799,542 shares

(ii) Number of shares of treasury shares owned at the end of the period

As of March 31, 2017 2,562,679 shares As of March 31, 2016 2,825,606 shares

(iii) Average number of shares outstanding during the period

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017 1,544,143,682 shares Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 1,543,681,970 shares

(REFERENCE) OVERVIEW OF NON-CONSOLIDATED PERFORMANCE

NON-CONSOLIDATED PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

(APRIL 1, 2016 to MARCH 31, 2017)

(1) Non-Consolidated Business Results

(Millions of yen, except per share figures; percentages show the rate of increase or decrease from the fiscal year)

	Net Sales	Percentage Change	Operating Profit	Percentage Change	Ordinary Profit	Percentage Change	Profit	Percentage Change
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017	719,889	(2.0)%	14,079	-	15,752	57.7%	(6,246)	_
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016	734,807	6.6%	(12,375)	_	9,987	(72.6)%	31,698	_

	Basic	Diluted
	Earnings per	Earnings per
	Share (Yen)	Share (Yen)
Fiscal year ended	(4.04)	
March 31, 2017	(4.04)	_
Fiscal year ended	20.52	20.51
March 31, 2016	20.53	20.51

(2) Non-Consolidated Financial Position

(Millions of yen, except per share figures)

			(initial)	or yen, except per snare rigares)
Tot	Total Assets	Net Assets	Equity to Total Assets	Net Assets per Share of
	Total Assets	Net Assets	Equity to Total Assets	Common Stock (Yen)
March 31, 2017	1,138,039	209,864	18.4%	135.35
March 31, 2016	1,179,799	214,783	18.1%	138.62

(Reference) Equity at the end of the period (non-consolidated)

March 31, 2017: ¥209,021 million March 31, 2016: ¥214,025 million

* Indication regarding execution of audit procedures

Financial reports are not required to be audited.

* Proper use of forecast of results, and other special matters

Earnings estimates made in this report and other statements that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements about the future performance of the IHI Group. These statements are based on management's assumptions and beliefs in light of the information currently available to it and therefore readers should not place undue reliance on them. IHI cautions that a number of important factors such as political and general economic conditions and currency exchange rates could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements, etc.

(How to obtain supplementary material on financial results)

The supplementary material on financial results shall be posted on IHI's website.

1. SUMMARY OF BUSINESS RESULTS

(1) SUMMARY OF BUSINESS RESULTS AND FINANCIAL POSITION

A. Summary of business results for the fiscal year under review

During the fiscal year under review, the Japanese economy experienced a pickup in exports and production thanks to the support of stead external demand, but was limited to a modest overall recovery by the dramatic movement in foreign exchange rates and soft private consumption. In the global economy as well, although it continued to expand mainly in Europe and the US, uncertainty has continued due to effect of political trends such as the issue of the UK leaving the EU and the policies of the new U.S. president.

Under this economic environment, the IHI Group moved forward with initiatives based on its "Group Management Policies 2016," a three-year medium-term management plan, which was launched in April 2016.

In the fiscal year under review, orders received decreased 13.4% from the previous fiscal year to \$1,389.8 billion, while net sales decreased 3.4% to \$1,486.3 billion.

In terms of profit, operating profit increased 114.9% from the previous fiscal year to ¥47.3 billion, owing to such factors as the disappearance of repair costs of noncompliant welding posted in the previous fiscal year in relation to boiler projects, as well as the reducing deficit in the Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility segment, despite deterioration of profitability in large projects underway in North America in Process plants Business.

In non-operating income and expenses, while the recording of reversal of accrued expense for delayed delivery of \(\frac{\pmath 2}{2}\). billion among others as non-operating income, non-operating expenses included a share of loss of entities accounted for using equity method of \(\frac{\pmath 3}{3}\). billion (a decrease of \(\frac{\pmath 4}{4}\). 7 billion year on year), foreign exchange losses of \(\frac{\pmath 6}{6}\). 7 billion (a decrease of \(\frac{\pmath 1}{2}\). 8 billion year on year), and other non-operating expenses including compensation for damage of \(\frac{\pmath 2}{2}\). 6 billion (a decrease of \(\frac{\pmath 7}{2}\). 9 billion year on year).

As a result, ordinary profit increased 126.5% from the previous fiscal year to \(\frac{\text{\$\tex{\$\text{\$\text{\$\}\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\tex

As a result, profit attributable to owners of parent increased 243.2% from the previous fiscal year to \(\frac{1}{2}5.2\) billion.

Starting from the fiscal year under review, the end of fiscal year for certain overseas consolidated subsidiaries has been changed from December 31 to March 31, with the result that the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017 consists of the 15 months from January 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017.

The business environments by reportable segment for the fiscal year under review are as follows:

Resources, Energy and Environment

In Power systems for land and marine use Business and Process plants Business, due partly to falling oil prices there has been a slowing of investment in the oil and gas industry leading to projects being postponed or cancelled, and demand is on a declining trend. In Boiler Business, in Japan, amid delays in the restarting of nuclear power plants, there has been strong demand for remodeling work aimed at continued operation of existing facilities, while overseas, primarily in emerging countries, there is firm demand for high-efficiency and environment-friendly facilities.

In this Business Segment, as well as working to expand and enhance energy resource usage technologies, we moved ahead with initiatives to deal with diversified power source needs (decentralization and stabilization) and to enhance and rapidly commercialize technologies to reduce environmental burden.

Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility

In Bridge/water gate Business and Concrete construction materials Business, in addition to anticipating an increase in maintenance demand aimed at enhancing safety in major domestic cities, we also expect an expansion in repair-related demand for decrepit bridges overseas, and from urbanization-related demand in emerging countries. In Shield tunneling machine Business in Japan, we expect strong demand for large-scale infrastructure works, primarily in the Tokyo area.

Also, in F-LNG/Offshore structure Business, the IHI Group is doing its utmost to complete the projects that are currently under construction. With regard to the Aichi Works, where the production facilities of this Business are located, we stopped accepting new orders and explored into transforming the business structure to focus on aluminum SPB tanks, but given the prospects for the offshore market, we judged that it would be difficult to ensure profitability by continuous input of new orders. Accordingly, after the completion of projects for which orders have already been received, we have decided to end the Aichi Works' function as a production base. In this Business Segment, in order to continuously offer products, systems and services that help the development of society and of the national land, as well as achieve safety and security, we are promoting initiatives such as those aimed at upgrading infrastructure while making it more robust and disaster-proof.

Industrial System and General-Purpose Machinery

In Vehicular turbocharger Business and Thermal and surface treatment Business, demand is strong amid rising global demand for automobiles, the strengthening of environmental regulations in countries worldwide and the shift towards improved fuel economy. In Logistics/industrial system Business, due to the trend in Japan towards recovery in capital investment and the expansion of labor-saving measures, caused by insufficient labor, such as the introduction of robots, we expect growth in demand going forward.

For this Business Segment, by pushing ahead with continuous business structural reform and leveraging ICT and robots, we are accelerating initiatives aimed at creating value for the customer through enhancing products and services, and working to improve profitability by expanding and optimizing the global network.

Aero Engine, Space and Defense

Demand for civil aero engines continues to grow steadily against a background of strong airline results driven by robust tourist demand and lower oil prices.

In this Business Segment, we have made steady progress in dealing with rising demand for spare parts for aero engines and in measures to reduce costs for the new PW1100G engine, which at this early stage of volume production has low profitability, and we are pursuing initiatives to hold to a minimum the effect of deterioration in profitability caused by the increase in shipment volumes.

The results by reportable segment for the fiscal year under review amid this environment are as follows:

	C	rders receive	ed	Fiscal ve	ear ended	Fiscal ve	ear ended	Changes	from the
D (11)	Fiscal year	Fiscal year	Changes from the	-	31, 2016	•	31, 2017	previous fiscal year (%)	
Reportable segment	March 31, March 31, fisca 2016 2017	previous fiscal year (%)	Sales	Operating profit (loss)	Sales	Operating profit (loss)	Sales	Operating profit (loss)	
Resources, Energy and Environment	532.7	352.8	(33.8)	452.4	(2.2)	427.3	(10.6)	(5.6)	_
Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility	128.5	150.1	16.8	168.1	(48.9)	157.7	(12.0)	(6.2)	_
Industrial System and General-Purpose Machinery	421.8	420.5	(0.3)	404.7	12.6	411.6	17.5	1.7	38.1
Aero Engine, Space and Defense	515.6	451.5	(12.4)	500.2	58.4	471.9	53.0	(5.6)	(9.3)
Total Reportable Segment	1,598.7	1,375.0	(14.0)	1,525.5	19.8	1,468.7	47.8	(3.7)	140.7
Others	65.7	68.3	4.0	69.8	2.1	75.1	2.5	7.6	22.1
Adjustment	(59.1)	(53.5)	-	(56.0)	0.0	(57.5)	(3.0)	-	_
Total	1,605.3	1,389.8	(13.4)	1,539.3	22.0	1,486.3	47.3	(3.4)	114.9

B. Profit Distribution

After taking into consideration a broad range of factors, including business results and retained earnings, the IHI Group plans to suspend the year-end dividend payment for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017.

C. Summary of financial position for the fiscal year under review

Assets and liabilities, and net assets

Total assets at the end of the fiscal year under review were \$1,692.8 billion, down \$22.2 billion from the end of the previous fiscal year. The main items with significant increase were work in process, up \$17.9 billion, and cash and deposits, up \$12.3 billion. The main items with significant decrease were notes and accounts receivable - trade, down \$41.7 billion, and raw materials and supplies, down \$8.1 billion.

Total liabilities were \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{1,355.2}\) billion, a decrease of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{2}}}{26.4}\) billion compared with the end of the previous fiscal year. The main item with significant increase was advances received, up \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{28.5}\) billion. The main items with significant decrease were accrued expenses, down \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{20.7}\) billion, provision for loss on construction contracts, down \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{15.8}\) billion and notes and accounts payable - trade, down \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{11.5}\) billion.

Net assets were \(\frac{\pmathbf{x}}{337.6}\) billion, up \(\frac{\pmathbf{x}}{4.2}\) billion compared with the end of the previous fiscal year. This includes profit attributable to owners of parent of \(\frac{\pmathbf{x}}{5.2}\) billion.

As a result of the above, the ratio of equity to total assets slightly increased from 18.6% at the end of the previous fiscal year to 18.8%.

The balance of interest bearing liabilities, including lease obligations, was ¥371.9 billion, down ¥2.6 billion from the end of the previous fiscal year.

Cash flows

At the end of the fiscal year under review, the outstanding balance of cash and cash equivalents (hereinafter, "cash") was ¥115.9 billion, an increase of ¥12.3 billion from the end of the previous fiscal year.

Net cash provided by operating activities was ¥65.3 billion. The main factors of increase were recognition of depreciation of ¥57.8 billion, a decrease in notes and accounts receivable - trade of ¥41.5 billion, an increase in advances received of ¥30.3 billion, while the main factors of decrease were a decrease in accrued expenses of ¥27.0 billion, an increase in inventories of ¥17.1 billion, a decrease in provision for loss on construction contracts of ¥16.1 billion and payments for guarantee of obligations of ¥10.2 billion.

Net cash used in investing activities was \(\frac{4}{2}\)8.9 billion. This was due mainly to purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets of \(\frac{4}{5}\)4.2 billion and proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment \(\frac{4}{2}\)8.8 billion.

Net cash used in financing activities was \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{21.9}\) billion. This was due mainly to proceeds from long-term loans payable of \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{49.6}\) billion, repayments of long-term loans payable of \(\frac{\pmathbf{5}}{57.4}\) billion and redemption of bonds of \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{10.0}\) billion.

(Reference) Trends in cash flow indicators

	Fiscal year ended				
	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2017
Equity to total assets	21.1%	23.1%	20.5%	18.6%	18.8%
Market value equity ratio	30.7%	44.8%	51.4%	21.4%	32.0%
Debt redemption period	4.8 years	9.1 years	6.5 years	3.9 years	5.7 years
Interest coverage ratio	16.4	9.5	15.6	23.1	21.0

Notes 1. The calculation method for each indicator is shown below:

- Equity to total assets: Equity / Total assets
- Market value equity ratio: Market capitalization / Total assets
- · Debt redemption period: Interest-bearing liabilities / Operating cash flow
- · Interest coverage ratio: Operating cash flow / Interest payments
- 2. All indicators are calculated using financial figures on a consolidated basis.

Major management indicators

The IHI Group will move forward with initiatives based on its "Group Management Policies 2016," a three-year medium-term management plan with fiscal year 2016 as the first year and seek to strengthen the earnings foundations. In terms of specific numerical targets, the IHI Group is aiming for a consolidated operating margin of 7%, ROIC (return on invested capital) of 10% and a D/E ratio of 0.7 times or less in fiscal 2018. The major management indicators over time are as follows:

	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2014	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2015	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017	Fiscal year ending March 31, 2019 (Targets)
Consolidated operating margin	4.1%	4.3%	1.4%	3.2%	7.0%
ROIC	5.3%	5.8%	2.3%	5.0%	10.0%
D/E ratio	0.99 times	1.14 times	1.12 times	1.10 times	0.7 times or less

Note:

The calculation method for each indicator is shown below:

- ROIC: (Operating profit + Interest income and dividend income) after tax / (Equity + Interest bearing liabilities)
- D/E ratio: Interest bearing liabilities / Net assets

(2) FUTURE OUTLOOK

A. Forecasts of consolidated results

Going forward, the IHI Group forecasts that the overall Japanese economy will remain in a recovery trend due to increased exports and capital investment. The IHI Group expects the global economy will be supported by the economies of the developed countries, and that it will continue firmly as well. However, the IHI Group believes suitable caution will need to be exercised as there are numerous downside risks, such as expanding geopolitical risks and a rising global trend toward protectionism.

For the fiscal year ending March 31, 2018, the IHI Group is forecasting consolidated net sales of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{1,550.0}\) billion. In terms of profits, the IHI Group forecasts consolidated operating profit of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{5.0}\) billion, consolidated ordinary profit of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{5.0}\) billion, and profit attributable to owners of parent of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{23.0}\) billion. The above forecasts assume exchange rates of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{105/US}\) and \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{115/EUR}\)1.

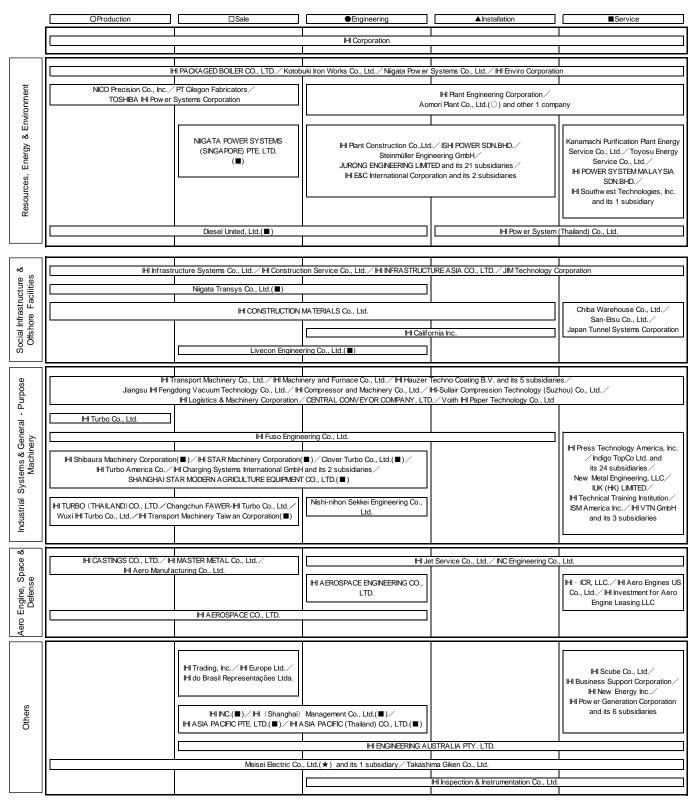
From the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017, the IHI Group rolled out a change to the end of fiscal year of overseas consolidated subsidiaries from December 31 to March 31. As a result, for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2018, certain consolidated subsidiaries will have a fiscal year of 15 months from January 1, 2017 until March 31, 2018.

Also, from the fiscal year ending March 31, 2018, the depreciation method for property, plant and equipment such as machinery is scheduled to change from the previous declining-balance method to the straight-line method.

B. Profit distribution

The IHI Group considers it important to provide stable dividends to shareholders and accordingly plans to pay a dividend of ¥6 per share (interim dividend: ¥3, year-end dividend: ¥3) for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2018.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE CORPORATE GROUP



^{*}The consolidated subsidiaries comprising the segments are shown in the above table. The functions fulfilled by each consolidated subsidiary in the segments are divided into the five categories of Production, Sale, Engineering, Installation, and Service and shown above.

^{*}For subsidiaries that fulfill multiple functions, the following marks are shown to the right of the company name for those companies for which the functions cannot be listed: \circ , \square , \bullet , \blacktriangle , and \blacksquare .

^{*}The consolidated subsidiaries in the above table are current as of March 31, 2017, and subsidiaries listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange Second Section are noted with the "★"mark.

3. BASIC RATIONALE FOR SELECTING THE ACCOUNTING STANDARD

The IHI Group's consolidated financial statements adopt the generally accepted accounting standards in Japan (Japanese GAAP).

With respect to IFRS, the IHI Group is conducting an investigation into the impact on the IHI Group from the point of view of improving the quality of the Group's corporate management and strengthening the Group's corporate governance. The IHI Group will make a response after giving consideration to business expansion overseas and circumstances of adoption in Japan.

IHI is proceeding with an initiative to unify financial reporting periods of its overseas consolidated subsidiaries. Starting from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017, financial reporting period of its consolidated subsidiaries is being changed.

4. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND NOTES THERETO

		(Millions of
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2017
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and deposits	106,536	118,909
Notes and accounts receivable - trade	444,838	403,094
Securities	1,403	_
Finished goods	23,537	20,719
Work in process	254,907	272,823
Raw materials and supplies	131,865	123,726
Deferred tax assets	61,956	44,783
Other	86,512	95,233
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(11,048)	(5,445)
Total current assets	1,100,506	1,073,842
Non-current assets:		
Property, plant and equipment:		
Buildings and structures, net	142,597	136,801
Machinery, equipment and vehicles, net	72,648	69,648
Land	90,936	92,284
Leased assets, net	16,412	14,285
Construction in progress	8,927	11,623
Other, net	18,216	17,767
Total property, plant and equipment	349,736	342,408
Intangible assets:		
Goodwill	22,043	16,166
Software	14,449	14,454
Other	13,113	10,536
Total intangible assets	49,605	41,156
Investments and other assets:		
Investment securities	139,463	134,676
Deferred tax assets	47,338	65,697
Net defined benefit asset	11	21
Other	30,380	36,715
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,983)	(1,684)
Total investments and other assets	215,209	235,425
Total non-current assets	614,550	618,989
Total assets	1,715,056	1,692,831

		(Millions of ye
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2017
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Notes and accounts payable - trade	297,499	285,937
Short-term loans payable	94,550	104,111
Commercial papers	5,000	5,000
Current portion of bonds	10,000	10,000
Accrued expenses	118,932	96,213
Income taxes payable	8,222	5,674
Advances received	180,352	208,907
Provision for bonuses	24,610	23,714
Provision for construction warranties	44,337	47,939
Provision for loss on construction contracts	53,223	37,324
Other provision	379	248
Other	45,665	51,181
Total current liabilities	882,769	876,248
Non-current liabilities:		070,210
Bonds payable	60,000	50,000
Long-term loans payable	187,085	182,495
Lease obligations	12,968	13,782
Deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation	5,158	4,884
Net defined benefit liability	154,968	150,920
Provision for loss on business of subsidiaries and	134,700	130,720
affiliates	2,805	1,149
Other provision	1,377	1,308
Other	74,567	74,415
Total non-current liabilities	498,928	478,953
Total liabilities		
	1,381,697	1,355,201
ET ASSETS		
Shareholders' equity:	107.165	107.165
Capital stock	107,165	107,165
Capital surplus	54,431	53,510
Retained earnings	144,789	149,832
Treasury shares	(565)	(513)
Total shareholders' equity	305,820	309,994
Accumulated other comprehensive income:	4.700	2.002
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	1,580	2,892
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(377)	(277)
Revaluation reserve for land	5,423	5,427
Foreign currency translation adjustment	9,954	1,298
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(4,090)	(1,171)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	12,490	8,169
Subscription rights to shares	758	843
Non-controlling interests	14,291	18,624
Total net assets	333,359	337,630
Total liabilities and net assets	1,715,056	1,692,831

(2) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		(Millions of ye
	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016	April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017
Net sales	1,539,388	1,486,332
Cost of sales	1,320,376	1,244,033
Gross profit	219,012	242,299
Selling, general and administrative expenses	196,964	194,910
Operating profit	22,048	47,389
Non-operating income		
Interest income	920	870
Dividend income	1,997	1,701
Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method	1,167	· —
Reversal of accrued expenses for delayed delivery	_	2,232
Other income	5,277	3,800
Total non-operating income	9,361	8,603
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	3,922	3,131
Share of loss of entities accounted for using equity method	_	3,538
Foreign exchange losses	5,122	6,700
Other expenses	12,649	20,612
Total non-operating expenses	21,693	33,981
Ordinary profit	9,716	22,011
Extraordinary income		
Gain on sales of non-current assets	28,648	23,533
Gain on contribution of securities to retirement benefit trust	6,358	3,481
Reversal of provision for loss on business of subsidiaries and affiliates	_	1,656
Gain on bargain purchase	_	1,079
Gain on transfer of shares of subsidiaries and affiliates	_	798
Gain on sales of investment securities	1,804	
Total extraordinary income	36,810	30,547
Extraordinary losses		
Business structural reform expenses related to the F-LNG/Offshore structure Business	_	9,914
Loss on transfer of receivables	_	9,834
Settlement-related expenses related to delivered boiler facilities	-	6,988
Impairment loss	81	3,461
Compensation for change of construction contracts	-	2,248
Dismantlement costs of an underpass in Toyosu	-	2,035
Expenses for delayed delivery	44,628	_
Loss on valuation of shares of subsidiaries and affiliates	1,756	_
Provision for loss on business of subsidiaries and affiliates	1,700	_
Total extraordinary losses	48,165	34,480

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME		
		(Millions of yen)
	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016	April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017
Profit (loss) before income taxes	(1,639)	18,078
Income taxes - current	18,889	10,872
Income taxes - deferred	(25,660)	(2,479)
Total income taxes	(6,771)	8,393
Profit	5,132	9,685
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	3,603	4,438
Profit attributable to owners of parent	1,529	5,247

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHEN	SIVE INCOME	
		(Millions of yen)
	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016	April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017
Profit	5,132	9,685
Other comprehensive income:		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(14,353)	1,096
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	376	332
Revaluation reserve for land	284	7
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(5,364)	(8,945)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	(705)	2,480
Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method	(598)	(27)
Total other comprehensive income	(20,360)	(5,057)
Comprehensive income	(15,228)	4,628
Comprehensive income attributable to		
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	(18,338)	1,076
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	3,110	3,552

(3) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016

			Shareholders' equity		(initions of year)
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at beginning of current period	107,165	54,438	152,563	(655)	313,511
Changes of items					
during period					
Dividends of			(0.262)		(0.262)
surplus			(9,262)		(9,262)
Profit attributable to			1.500		1.500
owners of parent			1,529		1,529
Purchase of				(6)	(6)
treasury shares				(0)	(0)
Disposal of treasury		(6)		96	90
shares		(0)		70	70
Change in					
ownership interest					
of parent due to transactions with		(1)			(1)
		(-)			(-)
non-controlling interests					
Net decrease from					
newly consolidated			(10)		(10)
subsidiaries			(19)		(19)
Net decrease from					
merger with non-					
consolidated			(22)		(22)
subsidiaries					
Net changes of					
items other than					_
shareholders' equity					
Total changes of		·		0.0	(7 . 605)
items during period	_	(7)	(7,774)	90	(7,691)
Balance at end of	107.165	54.421	144.700	(5(5)	205 920
current period	107,165	54,431	144,789	(565)	305,820

		Accum	ulated other co	omprehensive	income				
	Valuation difference on available- for-sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Revaluation reserve for land	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasure- ments of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other compre- hensive income	Subscription rights to shares	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of current period	16,622	(743)	5,166	14,783	(3,545)	32,283	747	13,054	359,595
Changes of items during period									
Dividends of surplus						_			(9,262)
Profit attributable to owners of parent						_			1,529
Purchase of treasury shares						_			(6)
Disposal of treasury shares						_			90
Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non-controlling interests						-			(1)
Net decrease from newly consolidated subsidiaries						_			(19)
Net decrease from merger with non- consolidated subsidiaries						_			(22)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(15,042)	366	257	(4,829)	(545)	(19,793)	11	1,237	(18,545)
Total changes of items during period	(15,042)	366	257	(4,829)	(545)	(19,793)	11	1,237	(26,236)
Balance at end of current period	1,580	(377)	5,423	9,954	(4,090)	12,490	758	14,291	333,359

April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017

			Shareholders' equity		(Willions of yen
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at beginning of current period	107,165	54,431	144,789	(565)	305,820
Changes of items during period					
Dividends of surplus					_
Profit attributable to owners of parent			5,247		5,247
Purchase of treasury shares				(2)	(2)
Disposal of treasury shares		(3)		54	51
Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non-controlling interests		(918)			(918)
Net decrease from newly consolidated subsidiaries			(204)		(204)
Net decrease from merger with non- consolidated subsidiaries					-
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity					-
Total changes of items during period	_	(921)	5,043	52	4,174
Balance at end of current period	107,165	53,510	149,832	(513)	309,994

	Accumulated other comprehensive income							,	mons or yen)
	Valuation difference on available- for-sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Revaluation reserve for land	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasure- ments of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other compre- hensive income	Subscription rights to shares	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of current period	1,580	(377)	5,423	9,954	(4,090)	12,490	758	14,291	333,359
Changes of items during period									
Dividends of surplus						_			_
Profit attributable to owners of parent						_			5,247
Purchase of treasury shares						_			(2)
Disposal of treasury shares						_			51
Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non-controlling interests						_			(918)
Net decrease from newly consolidated subsidiaries						_			(204)
Net decrease from merger with non- consolidated subsidiaries						_			-
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	1,312	100	4	(8,656)	2,919	(4,321)	85	4,333	97
Total changes of items during period	1,312	100	4	(8,656)	2,919	(4,321)	85	4,333	4,271
Balance at end of current period	2,892	(277)	5,427	1,298	(1,171)	8,169	843	18,624	337,630

		(Millions of y
	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016	April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit (loss) before income taxes	(1,639)	18,078
Depreciation	58,229	57,880
Depreciation and amortization on other	4,874	5,537
Gain on bargain purchase	_	(1,079)
Impairment loss	81	3,461
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	(568)	416
Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses	(1,986)	(493)
Increase (decrease) in provision for construction warranties	7,718	3,993
Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on construction contracts	24,689	(16,106)
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liability	6,209	5,040
Interest and dividend income	(2,917)	(2,571)
Interest expenses	3,922	3,131
Foreign exchange losses (gains)	(1,071)	1,801
Loss (gain) on sales of short-term and long-term investment securities	(1,914)	430
Loss (gain) on valuation of short-term and long-term investment securities	3,542	890
Share of (profit) loss of entities accounted for using equity method	(1,167)	3,538
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(27,606)	(21,884)
Gain on contribution of securities to retirement benefit trust	(6,358)	(3,481)
Reversal of provision for loss on business of subsidiaries and affiliates	_	(1,656)
Gain on transfer of shares of subsidiaries and affiliates	_	(798)
Business structural reform expenses related to the F-LNG/Offshore structure Business	_	9,914
Loss on transfer of receivables	_	9,834
Settlement-related expenses related to delivered boiler facilities	_	6,988
Compensation for change of construction contracts	_	2,248
Dismantlement costs of an underpass in Toyosu	_	2,035
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable - trade	(10,396)	41,501
Increase (decrease) in advances received	56,568	30,394
Decrease (increase) in advance payments	(12,912)	(1,613)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(12,179)	(17,175)
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable - trade	80	(7,250)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	37,376	(27,098)
Decrease (increase) in other current assets	(1,191)	(10,579)
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	(4,169)	(115)
Decrease (increase) in consumption taxes refund receivable	13,124	2,540
Other, net	(2,956)	(5,130)
Subtotal	127,383	92,621
Interest and dividend income received	4,789	4,235
Interest expenses paid	(4,124)	(3,110)
Payments for guarantee of obligations	_	(10,271)
Income taxes paid	(32,710)	(18,102)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	95,338	65,373

(4) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS		(Millions of yen)
	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016	April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017
Cash flows from investing activities		
Decrease (increase) in time deposits	(927)	(460)
Purchase of short-term and long-term investment securities	(5,852)	(8,681)
Proceeds from sales and redemption of short-term and long-	5 121	4.420
term investment securities	5,131	4,429
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible	(52,804)	(54.262)
assets	(32,804)	(54,262)
Gain (loss) on sales or disposal of property, plant and	33,576	28,831
equipment and intangible assets	33,370	20,031
Payments for transfer of business	_	(328)
Purchase of shares and investments of subsidiaries resulting	(5,051)	_
in change in scope of consolidation	(5,051)	
Payments for sales of shares of subsidiaries resulting in	_	(82)
change in scope of consolidation		
Decrease (increase) in short-term loans receivable	1,656	8,592
Payments of long-term loans receivable	(53)	(413)
Collection of long-term loans receivable	60	34
Decrease (increase) in other investments	(19,702)	(10,015)
(Decrease) increase in other fixed liabilities	8,568	3,294
Other, net	(115)	100
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(35,513)	(28,961)
Cash flows from financing activities	(20.002)	• • • •
Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	(38,982)	2,916
Net increase (decrease) in commercial papers	(12,000)	_
Proceeds from long-term loans payable	50,896	49,689
Repayments of long-term loans payable	(33,528)	(57,446)
Redemption of bonds	-	(10,000)
Proceeds from sales and leasebacks	612	273
Repayments of lease obligations	(3,916)	(6,739)
Decrease (increase) in treasury shares	(5)	(3)
Purchase of treasury shares of subsidiaries	(1)	(1)
Cash dividends paid	(9,241)	(16)
Proceeds from share issuance to non-controlling shareholders	1,188	1,570
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(2,553)	(1,811)
Payments from changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in change in scope of consolidation	_	(373)
	(47.520)	(21.041)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(47,530)	(21,941)
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	(1,836)	(3,463)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	10,459	11,008
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	92,527	103,611
Increase in cash and cash equivalents from consolidation of non-	272	1,357
consolidated subsidiaries		
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents resulting from exclusion	(4)	(65)
of subsidiaries from consolidation		
Increase in cash and cash equivalents resulting from merger with unconsolidated subsidiaries	357	_
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	103,611	115,911

(5) NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES ON PREMISE OF GOING CONCERN

Not applicable.

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Scope of Consolidation

Number and names of major consolidated subsidiaries

Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 152

Names of major consolidated subsidiaries: IHI Aerospace Co., Ltd. and others

In the fiscal year under review, changes to consolidated subsidiaries were as follows. Four companies were added by new establishment, three companies were added due to their increased materiality, one subsidiary was removed due to transfer of shares, one subsidiary was removed due to liquidation, two subsidiaries were removed due to merger and two subsidiaries were removed due to their decreased materiality.

2. Application of the Equity Method

Number and names of major affiliates accounted for by the equity method

Number of affiliates accounted for by the equity method: 30

Names of major equity method affiliates: Japan Marine United Corporation and others

In the fiscal year under review, one company was added by new establishment, and one equity method affiliate was removed due to changes in ownership interest.

3. Fiscal Year, etc. for Consolidated Subsidiaries

Effective from the fiscal year under review, the closing date of the fiscal year for 31 companies including JURONG ENGINEERING LIMITED has been changed from December 31 to March 31, and six companies including Changchun FAWER-IHI Turbo Co., Ltd. have been consolidated using March 31 as a provisional closing date.

As a result, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017, 37 companies including JURONG ENGINEERING LIMITED have a fifteen-month accounting period.

In the period from January 1, 2016 through March 31, 2016 included in the fiscal year under review, net sales were \(\frac{\text{\frac{4}}}{25,227}\) million, operating profit was \(\frac{\text{\frac{4}}}{2,798}\) million, ordinary profit was \(\frac{\text{\frac{4}}}{2,327}\) million, and profit before income taxes was \(\frac{\text{\frac{4}}}{2,332}\) million.

4. Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Securities

Securities to be held until maturity are stated at amortized cost (by the straight-line method). Other securities with market prices available are stated at fair market value as of the balance sheet date. The related valuation differences are directly included into net assets and the sale price is computed by the moving-average method. Other securities without market prices available are stated at cost by the moving-average method.

(2) Derivatives

Derivatives are stated at fair market value.

(3) Inventories

Raw materials and supplies are stated at cost by the moving-average method, and finished goods and work in process are stated principally at identified cost. (For figures shown on balance sheet, the book value write-down method based on decreased profitability is used.)

(4) Depreciation and amortization

• Property, plant and equipment (except for leased assets)

These assets are depreciated by the declining-balance method. However, depreciation of lend-lease properties, assets of certain consolidated subsidiaries and buildings (excluding building fixtures) acquired on and after April 1, 1998 and building fixtures and structures acquired on or after April 1, 2016 are computed by the straight-line method.

• Intangible assets (except for leased assets)

These assets are amortized by the straight-line method. Software used internally is amortized using the straight-line method over the useful life of the assets, estimated by IHI (within five years).

Leased assets

Leased assets related to ownership transfer finance lease transactions are depreciated using the same method as that applied to property, plant and equipment.

Leased assets related to non-ownership transfer finance leases are depreciated over the lease period as useful period using the straight-line method with no residual value. IHI uses the method for ordinary rental transactions for non-ownership transfer finance leases for which lease agreements were concluded on and before March 31, 2008.

(5) Significant allowances and provisions

• Allowance for doubtful accounts

To provide for losses on bad debts, the allowance for doubtful accounts is provided based on historical default rates for general receivables, plus individually estimated amounts for specific uncollectible receivables.

Provision for bonuses

For payment of employee bonuses, the provision for bonuses is provided for in the amount that is expected to be paid.

• Provision for directors' bonuses

For payment of directors' bonuses, the provision for directors' bonuses is provided for in the amount that is expected to be paid.

Provision for construction warranties

To provide for guaranteed project expenses, the provision for construction warranties is recorded as an estimate of future expenditures based on historical experience.

Provision for loss on construction contracts

Provision for loss on construction contracts is provided for in the amount of estimated losses for undelivered projects at the end of the fiscal year.

Provision for directors' retirement benefits

For payment of retirement benefits to directors and corporate auditors, the provision for directors' retirement benefits is provided for at consolidated subsidiaries in Japan in the amount that would be required to pay, based on the internal policy, if all eligible directors and corporate auditors retired at the end of the fiscal year.

Provision for loss on business of subsidiaries and affiliates
 Provision for loss on business of subsidiaries and affiliates is provided for in the amount of estimated loss in consideration of the contents of assets of subsidiaries and affiliates.

(6) Accounting method for retirement benefits

To prepare for employees' retirement benefits, net defined benefit liability is recognized based on the estimated amounts of retirement benefit obligations and pension fund assets at the end of the fiscal year under review. Some consolidated subsidiaries adopt the conventional method to determine net defined benefit liability.

In the calculation of retirement benefit obligations, the method used to attribute projected benefit obligations in the period up to the fiscal year under review is benefit formula basis.

Past service cost is amortized using the straight-line method over a certain number of years within the average remaining service period of employees at the time of accrual.

Actuarial gain or loss is amortized starting in the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which it occurs using the straight-line method over a certain number of years within the average remaining service period of employees.

(7) Amortization method and period of goodwill

Goodwill is equally amortized through the estimated effective period of the investment, with the exception that when the amount of goodwill is immaterial, it is charged to expenses as incurred.

(8) Application of the consolidated taxation system

The consolidated taxation system has been applied.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Application of Practical Solution on a Change in Depreciation Method Due to Tax Reform 2016

Following the revision to the Corporation Tax Act, IHI has applied the "Practical Solution on a Change in Depreciation Method Due to Tax Reform 2016" (ASBJ PITF No. 32, June 17, 2016) from the fiscal year under review, and changed the depreciation method for facilities attached to buildings and structures acquired on or after April 1, 2016 from the declining-balance method to the straight-line method.

As a result, operating profit, ordinary profit and profit before income taxes for the fiscal year under review increased respectively by ¥174 million.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Gain on sales of non-current assets

In order to strengthen IHI's financial position and to secure funds to cover business structural reform expenses, IHI recorded a gain on sales of non-current assets mainly due to the transfer part of the land in the Toyosu area, etc. owned by IHI.

Details and location of assets	Gain on sales of non-current assets
Land (11,540 m²)	¥17,883 million
9-15, Toyosu 3-chome, Koto-ku, Tokyo	,,,,,,,,,
Land (18,185 m ²)	
1-1, Toyosu 3-chome, Koto-ku, Tokyo	
Land (87,478 m ²)	¥5.650 million
2-1 & 2-2, Ohama-nishimachi, Sakai-ku, Sakai-shi, Osaka	
Others	

Business structural reform expenses related to the F-LNG/Offshore structure Business

IHI has decided that Aichi Works, which has held F-LNG production facilities, shall end its function as a base for such production after the completion of all projects of orders received.

In light of this resolution, IHI carried out a reevaluation of the asset values of F-LNG production facilities (business assets), and an examination into the recoverability of these assets in accordance with the "Accounting Standards for Impairment of Non-current Assets." As a result, in addition to performing impairment accounting on the estimated unrecoverable amount, IHI has rationally estimated the dismantlement costs upon the completion of the facility's production role for a portion of the assets, and decided to record business structural reform expenses of ¥9,914 million as extraordinary losses.

Loss on transfer of receivables

On January 31, 2017, IHI transferred all of the shares of UNIGEN Inc. (hereinafter "UNIGEN") to API Co., Ltd. IHI had held the right to claim compensation from UNIGEN arising from the performance of debt guarantees corresponding to guarantee of obligations relating to UNIGEN. However, with this transfer, IHI has transferred to API Co., Ltd. the aforesaid right to claim compensation and in relation to this also recorded a loss on transfer of receivables of ¥9,834 million as extraordinary losses.

<u>Settlement-related expenses related to delivered boiler facilities</u>

Concerning boiler facilities that IHI manufactured and delivered in the past, a lawsuit was filed against IHI in 2015 claiming that IHI was liable for an accident involving boiler damage that occurred while performing a trial operation by the customer. Judging that the path of reaching an early resolution and reducing legal risks was in IHI's best interest, IHI has settled the case by agreeing to bear a portion of the amount incurred by the accident. As a result, IHI recorded settlement package and lawyer fees, etc. of ¥6,988 million as extraordinary losses.

Application of ASBJ Guidance on Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets

Effective from the first quarter of the fiscal year under review, IHI has applied the "Guidance on Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets" (ASBJ Guidance No. 26, March 28, 2016).

SEGMENT INFORMATION

[Segment information]

1. Overview of reportable segments

The reportable segments are constituent units of the IHI Group for which separate financial information is available. The Board of Directors periodically examines these segments for the purpose of deciding the allocation of management resources and evaluating operating performance.

IHI organizes operation divisions by products and services and the operation divisions deploy business activities formulating both domestic and overseas strategies for each product and service comprehensively. The IHI Group therefore categorizes segments based on the grouping together of operation divisions classified by markets and other similarities of products and services. The four reportable segments are as follows: Resources, Energy and Environment, Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility, Industrial System and General-Purpose Machinery, and Aero Engine, Space and Defense.

Main businesses, products and services belonging to each segment

Reportable segment	Main businesses, products and services
Resources, Energy and Environment	Boiler, power systems plants, power systems for land and marine use, large power systems for ships, process plants (storage facilities and chemical plants), nuclear power (components for nuclear power plants), environmental response systems, pharmaceutical plants
Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility	Bridge/water gate, shield tunneling machines, transport system, urban development (real estate sales and rental), F-LNG (floating LNG storage facilities, offshore structures)
Industrial System and General- Purpose Machinery	Machinery for ships, logistics/industrial system (logistics system, industrial machinery), transport machinery, parking, thermal and surface treatment, vehicular turbocharger, rotating machinery (compressor, separation system, turbocharger for ships), construction machinery*, agricultural machinery/small power systems, steel manufacturing equipment, paper-making machinery
Aero Engine, Space and Defense	Aero engines, rocket systems/space utilization systems (space-related equipment), defense system

^{*}All the shares of Construction machinery Business were transferred to Kato Works Co., Ltd on November, 2016.

2. Calculation method used for sales, profit or loss, assets and liabilities, and other items by reportable segment

The accounting method used for reportable business segments is generally the same as the method stated in "BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS." Profits from reportable segments are figures based on operating profit.

Intersegment sales and transfers are based on actual market pricing.

Changes to the fiscal year, etc. for consolidated subsidiaries

As stated in "BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.", effective from the fiscal year under review, the closing date of the fiscal year for 31 companies including JURONG ENGINEERING LIMITED has been changed from December 31 to March 31, and six companies including Changchun FAWER-IHI Turbo Co., Ltd. have been consolidated using March 31 as a provisional closing date.

As a result, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017, 37 companies including JURONG ENGINEERING LIMITED have a fifteen-month accounting period.

In the period from January 1, 2016 through March 31, 2016 included in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017, sales for each segment were \(\pm\)10,982 million for the Resources, Energy and Environment segment, \(\pm\)371 million for the Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility segment, and \(\pm\)11,781 million for the Industrial System and General-Purpose Machinery segment. Operating income was \(\pm\)615 million for the Resources, Energy and Environment segment, \(\pm\)17 million for the Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility segment, and \(\pm\)2,050 million for the Industrial System and General-Purpose Machinery segment.

Application of Practical Solution on a Change in Depreciation Method Due to Tax Reform 2016

As stated in "CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PORICIES", IHI has applied the "Practical Solution on a Change in Depreciation Method Due to Tax Reform 2016" (ASBJ PITF No. 32, June 17, 2016) from the fiscal year under review, and changed the depreciation method for facilities attached to buildings and structures

acquired on or after April 1, 2016 from the declining-balance method to the straight-line method. As a result, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017, segment profit for each segment increased by ¥21 million for the Resources, Energy and Environment segment, ¥30 million for the Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility segment, ¥28 million for the Industrial System and General-Purpose Machinery segment, and ¥76 million for Aero Engine, Space and Defense segment.

3. Information about sales, profit or loss, assets and liabilities, and other items by reportable segment Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 (Millions of yen)

		Ro	eportable Segme	_					
	Resources, Energy and Environment	Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility	Industrial System and General- Purpose Machinery	Aero Engine, Space and Defense	Total	Others (Note 1)	Total	Adjustment (Note 2)	Consolidated
Sales:									
(1) Sales to outside customers	443,304	161,106	393,258	497,208	1,494,876	44,512	1,539,388	=	1,539,388
(2) Intersegment sales and transfers	9,172	7,033	11,509	3,000	30,714	25,341	56,055	(56,055)	_
Total	452,476	168,139	404,767	500,208	1,525,590	69,853	1,595,443	(56,055)	1,539,388
Segment profit (Operating profit or loss)	(2,273)	(48,996)	12,693	58,444	19,868	2,115	21,983	65	22,048
Segment assets	370,147	259,789	337,602	482,042	1,449,580	132,160	1,581,740	133,316	1,715,056
Others:									
Depreciation (Note 3)	6,626	6,373	11,888	15,839	40,726	1,066	41,792	4,948	46,740
Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method	(214)	-	971	(362)	395	1,040	1,435	(268)	1,167
Increase in property, plant and equipment (Note 4)	7,504	5,909	13,878	18,547	45,838	1,539	47,377	3,451	50,828

Notes: 1. The "Others" classification consists of business that is not included in reportable segments. It includes inspection and measurement business, the manufacture and sale of equipment and the like related to such business, and other service operations.

- 2. Adjustment of segment profit represents intersegment transactions of negative ¥724 million and unallocated corporate expenses of ¥789 million.
 - Corporate expenses mainly consist of general and administrative expenses that are unattributable to reportable segments. Adjustment of ¥133,316 million for segment assets includes corporate assets unallocated to any reportable segment of ¥260,743 million among cash and deposits, buildings and structures, investment securities and other assets, and eliminations of intersegment receivables and payables of negative ¥108,041 million.
- 3. Depreciation represents depreciation of property, plant and equipment. Adjustment of depreciation represents unallocated depreciation in property, plant and equipment.
- 4. Adjustment of increase in property, plant and equipment represents unallocated increase in property, plant and equipment.

	Reportable Segment								
	Resources, Energy and Environment	Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility	Industrial System and General- Purpose Machinery	Aero Engine, Space and Defense	Total	Others (Note 1)	Total	Adjustment (Note 2)	Consolidated
Sales:									_
(1) Sales to outside customers	417,844	147,979	401,074	469,488	1,436,385	49,947	1,486,332	-	1,486,332
(2) Intersegment sales and transfers	9,496	9,818	10,533	2,502	32,349	25,190	57,539	(57,539)	-
Total	427,340	157,797	411,607	471,990	1,468,734	75,137	1,543,871	(57,539)	1,486,332
Segment profit (Operating profit or loss)	(10,657)	(12,083)	17,534	53,033	47,827	2,582	50,409	(3,020)	47,389
Segment assets	406,193	241,327	318,927	493,690	1,460,137	107,716	1,567,853	124,978	1,692,831
Others:									
Depreciation (Note 3)	6,635	6,305	11,817	16,295	41,052	929	41,981	4,667	46,648
Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method	(119)	(61)	636	(412)	44	(3,436)	(3,392)	(146)	(3,538)
Increase in property, plant and equipment (Note 4)	6,166	6,265	13,649	22,641	48,721	950	49,671	3,035	52,706

- Notes: 1. The "Others" classification consists of business that is not included in reportable segments. It includes inspection and measurement business, the manufacture and sale of equipment and the like related to such business, and other service operations.
 - 2. Adjustment of segment profit represents intersegment transactions of negative ¥387 million and unallocated corporate expenses of negative ¥2,633 million.
 - Corporate expenses mainly consist of general and administrative expenses that are unattributable to reportable segments. Adjustment of ¥124,978 million for segment assets includes corporate assets unallocated to any reportable segment of ¥234,603 million among cash and deposits, buildings and structures, investment securities and other assets, and eliminations of intersegment receivables and payables of negative ¥101,884 million.
 - 3. Depreciation represents depreciation of property, plant and equipment. Adjustment of depreciation represents unallocated depreciation in property, plant and equipment.
 - 4. Adjustment of increase in property, plant and equipment represents unallocated increase in property, plant and equipment.

[Related information]

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016

1. Product and service information

Information has been omitted, as classification is the same as for reportable segments.

2. Information by geographical area

(1) Net sales

						(Millions of yen)
Japan	oan U.S.A. Asia		Central and South America	Europe	Others	Total
742,465	336,173	258,875	23,102	139,937	38,836	1,539,388

Note: Sales are classified by country or region based on the location of customers.

(2) Property, plant and equipment

						(Millions of yen)
 Japan	North America	Asia	Central and South America	Europe	Others	Total
304,299	5,031	18,987	20	21,337	62	349,736

3. Information by major customer

		(Millions of yen)
Name of customer or individual	Net sales	Related business segment
Japanese Aero Engines Corporation	175,853	Aero Engine, Space and Defense

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017

1. Product and service information

Information has been omitted, as classification is the same as for reportable segments.

2. Information by geographical area

(1) Net sales

						(Millions of yen)
Japan	U.S.A.	Asia	Central and South America	Europe	Others	Total
728,919	319,877	260,370	26,435	116,198	34,533	1,486,332

Note: Sales are classified by country or region based on the location of customers.

(2) Property, plant and equipment

						(Millions of yen)
Japan	North America	Asia	Asia Central and South America		Others	Total
299,116	4,819	19,923	147	18,358	45	342,408

3. Information by major customer

		(Millions of yen)
Name of customer or individual	Net sales	Related business segment
Japanese Aero Engines Corporation	179,512	Aero Engine, Space and Defense

[Information about impairment loss on non-current assets by reportable segment]

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable Segment								
	Resources, Energy and Environment	Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility	Industrial System and General- Purpose Machinery	Aero Engine, Space and Defense	Total	Others (Note 1)	Total	Adjustment	Consolidated
Impairment loss	-	24	56	-	80	1	81	-	81

Note: 1. The "Others" classification consists of business that is not included in reportable segments. It includes inspection and measurement business, the manufacture and sale of equipment and the like related to such business, and other service operations

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable Segment								
	Resources, Energy and Environment	Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility	Industrial System and General- Purpose Machinery	Aero Engine, Space and Defense	Total	Others (Note 1)	Total	Adjustment	Consolidated
Impairment loss	2,186	7,297	822	_	10,305	370	10,675	_	10,675

Note: 1. The "Others" classification consists of business that is not included in reportable segments. It includes inspection and measurement business, the manufacture and sale of equipment and the like related to such business, and other service operations.

[Information about goodwill amortization amount and year-end balance by reportable segment]

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable Segment								
	Resources, Energy and Environment	Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility	Industrial System and General- Purpose Machinery	Aero Engine, Space and Defense	Total	Others (Note 1)	Total	Adjustment (Note 2)	Consolidated
Amount for the fiscal year under review	616	-	2,672	-	3,288	402	3,690	14	3,704
Balance at the end of the fiscal year under review	3,421	_	16,080	_	19,501	2,530	22,031	12	22,043

- Notes: 1. The "Others" classification consists of business that is not included in reportable segments. It includes inspection and measurement business, the manufacture and sale of equipment and the like related to such business, and other service operations.
 - $2. \ \ \, Adjustment \ represents \ unallocated \ goodwill \ amortization \ and \ year-end \ balance.$

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable Segment					_			
	Resources, Energy and Environment	Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility	Industrial System and General- Purpose Machinery	Aero Engine, Space and Defense	Total	Others (Note 1)	Total	Adjustment (Note 2)	Consolidated
Amount for the fiscal year under review	369	-	2,797	-	3,166	402	3,568	12	3,580
Balance at the end of the fiscal year under review	1,613	_	12,609	_	14,222	1,944	16,166	_	16,166

Notes: 1. The "Others" classification consists of business that is not included in reportable segments. It includes inspection and measurement business, the manufacture and sale of equipment and the like related to such business, and other service operations.

2. Adjustment represents unallocated goodwill amortization and year-end balance.

[Information about gain on bargain purchase by reportable segment]

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016

Not applicable

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017

The integration of Shield tunneling machine Business was completed on October 1, 2016 in the Social Infrastructure and Offshore Facility segment. Gain on bargain purchase resulting from this event is ¥1,079 million.

PER SHARE INFORMATION

Item	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017
Net assets per share	¥206.16	¥206.03
Basic earnings per share	¥0.99	¥3.40
Diluted earnings per share	¥0.99	¥3.40

Note: The basis for calculating basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share are as follows.

	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017	
Basic earnings per share			
Profit attributable to owners of parent (Millions of yen)	1,529	5,247	
Amounts for non-common shareholders (Millions of yen)	-	-	
Profit attributable to owners of parent regarding common stock (Millions of yen)	1,529	5,247	
Average number of shares of common stock (Thousands of shares)	1,543,682	1,544,144	
Diluted earnings per share			
Adjustment amount of profit attributable to owners of parent (Millions of yen)	-	_	
Increase in number of shares of common stock (Thousands of shares)	1,468	944	
(Subscription rights to shares of the above) (Thousands of shares)	1,468	944	
Potential shares not included in calculation of diluted earnings per share due to being non-dilutive	Subscription rights to shares type 3 (Total number of subscription rights to shares: 621 units) Type of shares underlying subscription rights to shares: common stock Total number of shares underlying subscription rights to shares: 621,000 shares	Subscription rights to shares type 4 (Total number of subscription rights to shares: 922 units) Type of shares underlying subscription rights to shares: common stock Total number of shares underlying subscription rights to shares: 922,000 shares	

SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Not applicable